

A viable alternative to current stationary batteries is the dual-ion battery (DIB), which has emerged as a promising chemistry for future energy storage applications. ¹ In a DIB, the electrolyte provides ...

Herein, a dual-membrane cell configuration with an ion transpiration hub is designed to enable the use of custom-assigned charge carriers, which block the notorious H^+ poisoning on the ...

This dual-ion mechanism enables higher operating voltages, leading to improved energy density and efficiency. Moreover, DIBs offer the potential to use abundant, low-cost, and ...

In a traditional dual-flow battery system with dissolved active species, two electrolyte tanks containing dissolved active species are separated by a membrane. The active species undergo ...

By combining a hydrophilic polymer with SHCS, the membrane achieved exceptional ion conductivity through dual ion conduction channels. The sulfonic acid groups on SHCS and the ...

Zn-I₂ flow batteries, with a standard voltage of 1.29 V based on the redox potential gap between the Zn^{2+} -negolyte (-0.76 vs. SHE) and I₂-posolyte (0.53 vs. SHE), are gaining attention ...

Conventional DIBs apply the graphite as both electrodes and a combination of organic solvents and lithium salts as electrolytes. This configuration is fascinating because of its high working ...

Aqueous Zn-I flow batteries are attractive for grid storage owing to their inherent safety, high energy density, and cost-effectiveness.

Dual-ion batteries (DIBs) have garnered significant interest due to their high operating voltage, low cost, and environmental sustainability. However, their energy density remains ...

Herein, an alkaline zinc-iodine flow battery is designed with potassium sodium tartrate (PST) as an effective additive for $Zn(OH)_4^{2-}$ anolyte, which enables a high open circuit voltage of ...

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