

The impacts of climate change are being acutely felt in Suriname, with increasingly frequent occurrences of floods, droughts, sea-level rise, and reduced crop productivity.

February 2019 when Suriname hosted the High Forest Low Deforestation Conference for HFLD developing countries. This Conference resulted in the "Krutu of Paramaribo" Joint Declaration on HFLD

The State of the Climate Report provides essential inputs for Suriname to develop and update its climate change policies and targets. These policies and targets should enable an adequate mainstreaming of ...

Climate change in Suriname is leading to warmer temperatures and more extreme weather events in Suriname. As a relatively poor country, its contributions to global climate change have been limited. ...

Climate change in Suriname manifests as a gradual warming of the tropical climate, with annual mean surface air temperatures rising from approximately 26°C in the early 1900s to over 27.5°C in recent ...

Given a very high per-capita history, Suriname can lead by rapidly reducing oil-related emissions, consolidating and accelerating the decline in land-use emissions, and sustaining ...

Explore the impacts of climate change in Suriname, a nation rich in biodiversity and natural resources. Learn about the government initiatives for emissions reduction, renewable energy ...

This page offers a comprehensive overview of Suriname's climate zones of temperature and precipitation with reflection of their climatological seasonal cycle, drawing on the Köppen-Geiger ...

Suriname, a small nation in South America, faces significant challenges due to climate change. Suriname is highly vulnerable to the impacts of global warming. 87% of its population and ...

Suriname's climate is semi-humid, influenced by the behavior of the Inter Tropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ). The mean annual air temperature in Suriname is 27 degrees Celsius. ...

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